

# systemd and Linux Watchdog

Run a program at...  
login? = .profile file  
boot? = systemd

What to do if software locks up?



# systemd

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- systemd used by most Linux distros as first user-space application to be run by the kernel.
  - 'd' means daemon:  
...
  - Use systemd to run programs at boot (and many other things).

# Jack of All Trades

## systemd Utilities

systemctl journalctl notify analyze cglsg cgtop loginctl nspawn

## systemd Daemons

systemd

journald networkd

logind user session

## systemd Targets

bootmode basic

shutdown reboot

multi-user

dbus telephony

dlog logind

graphical

user-session

user-session

display service

tizen service

## systemd Core

manager

systemd

unit

service

timer

mount

target

snapshot

path

socket

swap

login

multiseat

inhibit

session

pam

namespace

cgroup

log

dbus

## systemd Libraries

dbus-1

libpam

libcap

libcryptsetup

tcpwrapper

libaudit

libnotify

## Linux Kernel

cgroups

autofs

kdbus

# systemd

- Replaces old “init” system:
  - Manages dependencies and allows concurrency when starting up applications
  - Does many things: login, networking, mounting, etc
- Controversy
  - Violates usual \*nix philosophy of do one thing well.  
<http://www.zdnet.com/article/linus-torvalds-and-others-on-linuxs-systemd/>
  - Some lead developers are said to have a bad attitude towards fixing “their” bugs.
- It's installed on the Beaglebone, so we'll use it!
  - Copy your code to BBG's eMMC (vs run over NFS).

# Create a systemd service

- Setup .service file:

```
(bbg)$ cd /lib/systemd/system
```

```
(bbg)$ sudo nano foo.service
```

Assume 11-HttpsProcTimer  
example installed to /opt/

Use  
absolute  
paths

```
[Unit]
```

```
Description=HTTPS server to view /proc on port 8042
```

```
[Service]
```

```
User=root
```

```
WorkingDirectory=/opt/10-HttpsProcTimer-copy/
```

```
ExecStart=/usr/bin/node /opt/10-HttpsProcTimer-copy/server.js
```

```
SyslogIdentifier=HttpsProcServer
```

```
[Install]
```

```
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

# Controlling a Service

- Configure to run at startup  
(bbg)\$ systemctl enable foo.service
- Manually Starting/Stopping  
(bbg)\$ systemctl start foo.service
  - Can replace start with stop or restart
- Status  
(bbg)\$ systemctl status foo.service  
(bbg)\$ journalctl -u foo.service  
(bbg)\$ systemctl | grep HTTPS

Demo: Browse to  
<https://192.168.7.2:3042>  
after reboot

# Startup Script Suggestions

- If your app needs some startup steps, try a script:
  - copy app to file system (not running via NFS)
  - add 10s delay at startup
    - I have found that some hardware configuration commands can fail if done too soon.
  - add 1s delay between commands
    - Allows the system time for the previous setup action to complete.
  - change to the required directory

# Linux Watchdog



# Watchdog

- Watchdog Timer

Guards against system locking-up:

- Working software periodically "hits" (*pets!*) the WD.
- ..

- Applications

- Most embedded systems use a watchdog:  
allow it to recover from faults (SW and some HW).
- Critical in applications where humans cannot reboot.

# Watchdog Usage

- Usage
  - Opening "file" /dev/watchdog; starts timer
  - Writing anything to it resets timeout  
If timeout expires it resets board.
  - What should happen when the program exits?..
- Console demo  
(bbg)\$ cat > /dev/watchdog
- Can compile kernel to disallow turning off watchdog:
  - CONFIG\_WATCHDOG\_NOWAYOUT