Linux Kernel LED Drivers



CMPT 433 Slides 12.4 © Dr. B. Fraser

Topics

- 1) How can the kernel driver delay?
- 2) How can the kernel drive an LED?

Delays in the Kernel

Can delay within a system call to the kernel:

```
#include linux/delay.h>
int my_read(...) {
    msleep(100);
}
```

Kernel switches to other processes while waiting.

 Ex: Delay 200ms between characters (Note: Poor use of printk!)

```
#include unx/delay.h>
int my_read(...){
    int i;
    printk(KERN_INFO);
    for (i = 0; i < count; i++) {
        printk("%c", buff[i]);
        msleep(200);
    }
    printk("\n");</pre>
```

Kernel Driving LEDs

- Drivers Accessing LEDs
 - Could hard-code your driver to flash a specific LED.
 - Bad: ..

Linux runs on virtually any hardware: We want to be able to re-use our drivers on any Beaglebone, Raspberry Pi, etc.

 Decouple driver's LED on/off decisions from a specific LEDs

In user space, each LED is mapped to a trigger.
 Device tree can specify default LED trigger.

Driving LEDs

```
- #include linux/leds.h>
  DEFINE LED TRIGGER(my trigger);
- in init:
  led trigger register simple(
        "da-name", // New trigger name
       &my trigger); // Previously defined trigger stuct
- in exit:
  led_trigger_unregister_simple(my_trigger);
- drive LEDs:
  led_trigger_event(my_trigger, LED_FULL);
  led_trigger_event(my_trigger, LED_OFF);
```

Kernel LED Demo

- demo_ledtrig.c
 - Cat led0's trigger:
 (bbg)\$ cat /sys/class/leds/beaglebone....0/trigger
 - Load driver:(bbg)\$ insmod demo_ledtrig
 - Cat led0's triggers again
 - Change trigger
 (bbg)\$ echo demo > /sys/class/leds/beaglebone...0/trigger
 - Write text to demo_ledtrig
 (bbg)\$ echo 'hello world' > /dev/demo_ledtrig

Summary

- Use triggers to drive LEDs from the kernel
 - Have user-space setup mappings to actual LEDs (use device trees as needed)