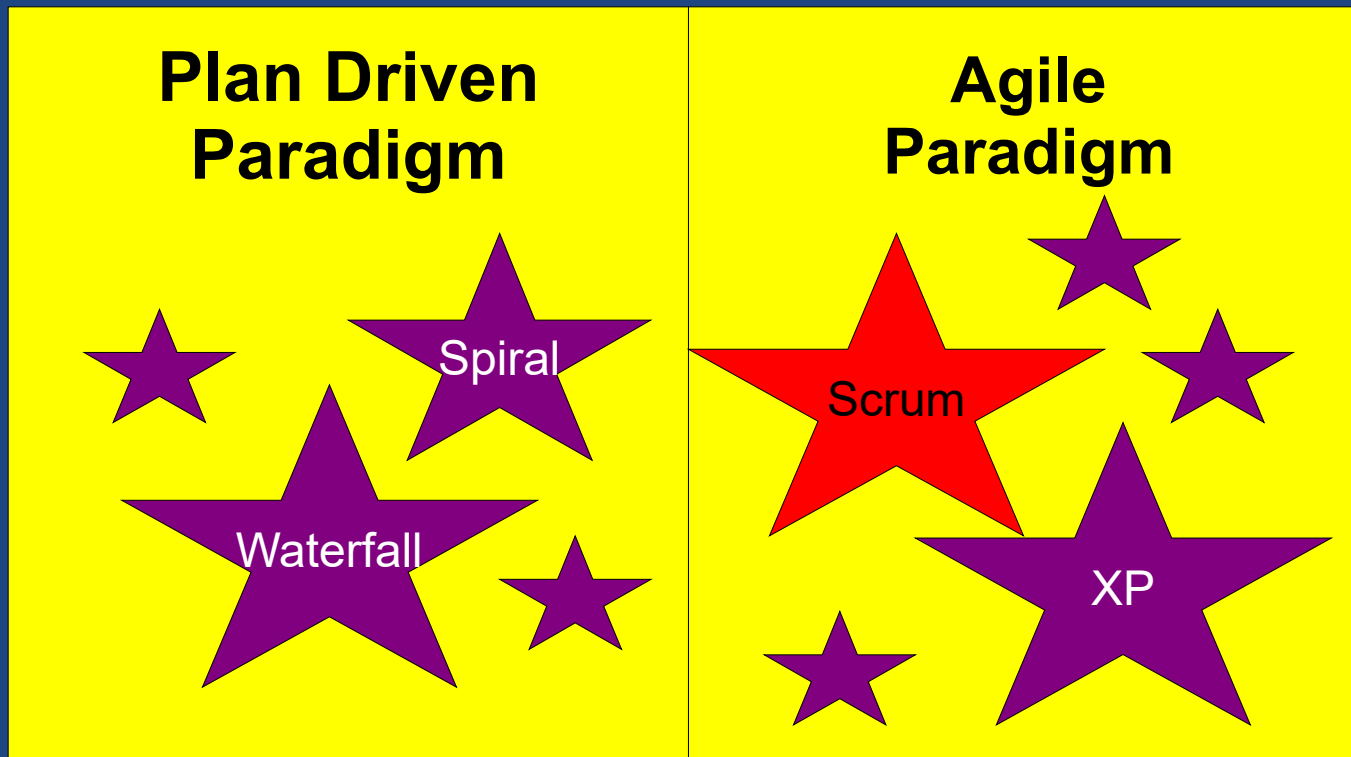


Scrum

an Agile Process



Topics

- 1) **Who does what** in a Scrum team?
- 2) What does **a week as a Scrum developer** look like?
- 3) How does a Scrum team **estimate work**?

Scrum: the Big Picture

Scrum Big Picture

- .. create the plan, then development works to the plan.
- .. each iteration you are constantly planning for the best path.
- **Some Changes in Agile (vs BDUF)**
 - Document as you go; only as needed
 - Deliver product early and often
 - Plan as you go: not just at the start of project
 - Test as you go: not just at the end of project
- **Scrum** is one of many agile processes.

Key items in Scrum

- **Backlog:**..
 - **Ex:** As a **cashier**, I want to be able to **apply a dollar amount discount to a single item** so that I can **accept a coupon**.
 - Highest priority features ("stories") at top of backlog.
 - Team picks stories to complete from top of backlog.
- **Iteration:** a week (or 2-3) where team..
 - At end of iteration, team delivers
 - ..
 - Customer tries out software & gives feedback
 - Use feedback to plan next iteration.

Scrum Roles: Who does what?

Roles

- The scrum team identifies a few roles:
 - Product Owner
 - Scrum Master
 - Team member
- And we'll add in
 - Repository Manager

Role: Product Owner

- ..
 - Understands needs of the customer
 - Works closely with the stakeholders to determine what needs to be built, and feature priorities
- ..
 - Adds new feature requests
 - Prioritizes features: directs the team towards most valued work
- Responsibility:..

Role: Scrum Master

- ..
 - guides team towards more cohesion, self-organizing, performance
 - scrum master's deliverable is the self-organizing team.
- ..

Is a trusted advisor, and team-advocate

 - pushes decision making back to team
 - removes impediments (Ex: getting equipment)
 - Expert on scrum process; facilitates meetings.
- **Responsibility:..**

Role: Team Member

- Teams are..
 - Have total authority over how to get work done
 - Estimates work for each feature
 - 7 +/-2 team members
- Responsibility..
 - No singled out "experts"; everyone does what is needed for this iteration.
 - No “silos of knowledge”

Extra Role: Repository Manager

- Not part of normal Scrum; added as part of a GitLab development work-flow.
- ..
 - Helps resolve Git problems
 - Helps enforce code quality
- **Responsibility:..**
 - It must meet coding style; have unit tests, system pass all unit tests, code reviewed, etc.

Sprint is Scrum's Iterations

Sprint "Ceremonies"

Daily Schedule for a One-Week Sprint

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY
Sprint Planning 2hrs.	Stand-Up 15 min.	Stand-Up 15 min.	Stand-Up 15 min.	Stand-Up 15 min.
	Daily meeting discussing progress.		Demo working software.	
		Story Time 1hr		Sprint Review 1/2 hr
			Estimate future feature sizes.	Retrospective 1.5hrs

Plan what features to deliver.

Daily meeting discussing progress.

Demo working software.

Estimate future feature sizes.

How can team improve?

Sprint Planning [2Hr]

- Team pick what stories to commit to this iteration
 - Backlog must be well maintained:
Each story has a "size" estimate.
- Velocity:
 - Team generally picks to do as much work this iteration as they completed last iteration.
 - Self correcting to become accurate at predicting performance.
 - Velocity is measured in units of “Story Points” (more later)

Stand-Up Meeting [15min]

- Daily. Only team members. Brief.
- Each team member briefly answers:
 1. What I did since the last stand-up
 2. What I plan to do by next stand-up
 3. What obstacles are slowing me down
- Benefit
 - If "accomplished" < yesterday's "expected", then..
 - Others jump in with brief, "I can help you with that"; but no long discussions of the details.
- Scrum master facilitates meeting, takes notes.

Sprint Review [30min]

- **Demonstrate..**
 - Report on stories that did not get finished.
- **Product owner..**
from stakeholders:
 - New feature requests or changes
 - Clarifies priorities
- **Make no promises!**

Retrospective [1.5hr]

- Goals
 - ..
 - create an action plan to implement those changes
- Team reviews what happened during iteration
 - Generates insights into what happened (no finger pointing)
 - Choose 1-2 specific improvements.
- Appreciate each other's work.

Story Points and Estimation

Relative, not Absolute Estimates

- People are better at gauging **relative size** vs **absolute size**:
- **Which is easier to answer?**
 1. Which is taller, the CN tower or the Surrey's Central City tower?
 2. How tall is the Surrey Central City tower?

Relative, not Absolute Estimates

- Scrum estimates work..
- Start by coding some smallest task
 - Ex: a log-in screen, or a config file, etc.
 - Give it one point.
- Each other story's size estimated in terms of points:
 - "This seems like it's about 3 times as much work as the config file, so 3 points"
- Points **not based on hours**, as this is hard to give absolute estimate, but..

Story Time and Estimation Game

- Team meets each week for "Story Time":
 - Assign "story points" to up-coming user stories
- Estimation Game steps
 1. ...
 - Each team member takes turns doing one of:
 - Put up a new story up where they think best
 - Move a story that's up to improve order
 - Pass (if no changes needed)
 2. Team decides how many points is each story
 3. Done!
 - Whole team agrees on the estimates!

In Class Exercise: Estimation Game

- Estimation Game

Let's play to assign story points

- At the front are user stories from Assignment 2.
- When selected, you may:
 - put a new story on board, updating effort-order.
 - move an existing story.
 - pass (if all stories up and no corrections)

- Story Points:

- Left-most story = 1 point.
- Let's assign thresholds for points at Fibonacci numbers (1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, ...)

Summary

- Scrum team
 - Product Owner, Scrum Master, Team Member, (extra) Repository Manager.
- Ceremonies
 - Sprint planning, Daily standup, Review, Retrospective, Story time
- Estimation
 - Story points
 - Estimation game